financiers of the country's monetary centre, it is eagerly desired that he may have an opportunity of bringing before the Administration the conservative Eastern view of the currency problem. Some bankers of sanguine temperament hope that his visit may even be productive of results that may lead Mr. Carlisle to invite the confidence and support of the New-York financial community.

At the Stock Exchange yesterday the extreme weakness shown in the stock market at Wednesday's close was materially modified. The speculation, however, continued nervous and unsettled on account of the uncertainties of the currency position. At times prices were considerably lower than Wednesday's final figures, and, as a rule, the list recorded net losses of important fractions. In a few leading shares the feelines reached 1 per cent, and a few of the industrial stocks made small gains on the covering of shorts. The closing was encouraged by runners that Secretary Carlisle was about to define his financial policy, and end the present suspense, and dispose of the reports that credit him with a design to pay the Treasury notes in silver whenever the gold reserve is in danger of being impaired.

MR. CARLISLE'S STATEMENT.

NO ORDER TO STOP GOLD REDEMPTION OF TREASURY NOTES.

ARRANGEMENTS TO SECURE GOLD FROM THE WEST-GOLD CERTIFICATES PAID IN FOR THE EXPORT WITHDRAWALS.

Washington, April 20.-Secretary Carlisle to night made the following statement regarding the financial atuation: "In the exercise of the discretionary power conferred upon the Secretary of the Treasury by the act of July 14, 1600, he has been paying gold for the coin Treasury notes issued for the purchase of silver bullion, and he will continue to do so as long as he has gold lawfully available for that purpose. Under this process, the Government has and is now paying gold for sflyer bullion storing the silver in its vaults, where it is as use less for any purpose of circulation or redemption as iron, lead, or any other commodity.

The Government, in the first place, issues a coin Treasury note in payment for silver bullion, and then the coin Treasury note is presented at a sub-Treasury the coin Treasury note is presented at a sub-freasury and the gold is paid out for it; so that the effect is precisely the same as if the gold were paid directly for the silver in the first instance. About \$500,000 of the gold which was withdrawn from the Sub-Treasury on last Tuesday for shipment abroad was paid out on these coin Treasury notes. No order has been made to such the argument of gold upon these been made to stop the payment of gold upon these notes, nor has any one been authorized to say that such an order would be issued.

The purpose of the Government to preserve its own credit unimpaired and maintain the parity of own credit unimpaired and maintain he party of the two metals by all lawful means will not be abandoned under any circumstances. In view of the existing legislation the only question for con-sideration is as to the measures that ought to be adopted to insure the accomplishment of these purposes, and upon this question there is, of course, room for wide differences of opinion.

"The total stock of gold coin and gold builden now in this country, including what is held by the Treasury as well as what is held by the banks and individuals, amounts to about \$740,000,000. When I came into the Treasury Department on the 7th day of March the amount of free gold on hand had been reduced to \$987,000, but by arrangements with Western banks it was increased, until on April 1 it amounted to nearly \$8,000,000. Then heavy shipments began to be made, and two days ago we had ments began to be made, and two days ago we had only about \$40,000, but it now amounts to \$885,000.

after deducting what has been withdrawn from the Eub-Treasury to-day for shipment. Arrangements are now in progress by which more gold is to be procured from the West, and I hope that a sufficient quantity will be secured to keep the gold reserve to the contract.

There is enough gold in the country to meet all the requirements of the situation, and if all who are

the requirements of the situation, and if all who are really interested in maintaining a sound and stable currency would assist the secretary of the Treasury to the extent of their abilities the existing difficulties would soon be removed."

In addition to this statement Secretary Carlisle said that \$800,000 in gold had been taken out of the Sub-Treasury in New-York to-day for export. The class of money paid into the Sub-Treasury for this gold withdrawal included \$400,000 in gold certificates, which, to that amount, did not reduce the gold reserve, because they themselves are practically gold. So the actual gold reduction of the day was only \$400,000, leaving the balance as stated above.

This is the first considerable amount of gold certificates paid into the Sub-Treasury for gold export for many years, and encourages Treasury officials to hope that the banks, seeing the situation, will centinue to present gold certificates in part payment, at least, for gold withdrawn for export.

SENATOR COCKRELL ON FINANCE. HE WANTS SECRETARY CARLISLE TO PAY GOLD ONLY FOR GOLD CERTIFICATES.

Washington, April 20 (Special).-Senator Cockrell, d Missouri, holds almost as emphatic, not to belligerent, opinions in regard to fluancial questions as does Governor Stone, of the same State. He is result of a "Wall Street conspiracy" which he wants Secretary Carlisle to crush at any cost, even at the cost of redeeming the greenbacks in "buzzard" dollars if necessary. To a reporter to-day Senator Cock-"It is nothing but an organized effort by a party

of sharp brokers to force an issue of bonds. These they are after Carlisle. I hope Carlisle will fight them to the last. I believe he will, and if he does he will win. Of course, these men would like to bring about a bond issue. The more the merrier. They would get a commission for their negotiation. and they would serve as a further prop, stay and argument for National banks. They would continue that ring would-if unchecked until the National banks got complete control of the entire paper issue "If I were Carlisle I would pay gold for nothing

but the gold certificates," continued the Senator. "If they brought greenbacks, or in fact anything but the plain gold certificates, they should get nothing but silver. They say that this would bring back our silver. They say that this would bring back our securities now in Europe. What of it! There is plenty of money here, which in its idleness goes to gambling in the stock markets and the boards of trade, which would snap them up in a moment. Once hefore, in the late seventies, when we passed a silver law, our securities came trooping over from Europe, and it was the best thing that ever happened to us. They say, too, that a refusal to pay gold for greenbacks at the Treasury would provoke a panic. I don't believe it. It is simply a threat. This very ring which is reaching for the Treasury throat right now would no more dare create a panic than anyhody else. They would be the first to suffer. But even a panic is better than some things. It is better than surrendering the Nation's finances to the control of a clique, and I sincerely hope that Caritisle will risk the worst before he ever does it."

WRS ALMIRA HANCOCK DEAD.

Mrs. Almira Hancock, sixty-two years old, the widow of General Windeld Scott Hancock, died at the home of Mrs. Eugene Griffin, No. 34 Gramercy Park, yesterday afternoon from a complication of diseases, after a long filmess. Mrs. Hancock was born at Zanosville. Ohto, and was the daughter of John Russell, of St. Louis. She first met her husband in 1856, he then being a licutemant. After to the Quartermaster's Department. cock's death, a number of friends raised a fund for her support, and presented her with a hand some house in Washintgton. She lived there until Decem-ber last, when she came to this city. She also received pension of \$2,000 yearly from the United States Govern-

Mrs. Hancock made a tour through Europe not long Mrs. Hancock made a tour united by her friend, Mrs. Berrett. Mrs. Hancock's health began to fail while abroad.

The foneral probably will take place to-morrow at "The Little Church Around the Corner." The body will be taken to St. Louis, and will be buried in the Russell

Mrs. Hancock was the author of an interesting book

There was a disturbance at the church in Norwood There was a disturbance at the church in Norwood, L. I., on Wednesday night, when Ira Rhodes and Evangelist Du Bots came to blows. There was a revival meeting in the church, and at foe close it was announced that the grustees would hold a business meeting. Mr. Rhodes said that he had a bill against the church and he would remain at the meeting of the trustees. Mr. Du Bois objected, and called upon the congregation to cject Rhodes from the church. Deacon Sommers was one of the first who laid hands upon him, and he was promptly knecked down with a blow from an imbrella by Mr. Rhodes was the next to come in contact with the ambrella. Reinforcements came to the assistance of Messrs. Sommers and Seaman, and Mr. Rhodes was crowded down between the seats, and was then dragged through the aisle to the door. He presented a sorrowful hrough the aisle to the door. He presented a sorrowful tight, his clothing being badly torn. He says he will

SUBURBAN HOMES

"The Day is Cold and Dark and Dreary,

it rains" and the wind "blows great guns!" But wind and rain don't inter-

HODGMAN RUBBER COMPANY.

BROADWAY, | 21 West 23d St., Cor. Grand St. | adj. 5th Ave. Hotel.

A RECEPTION FOR THE DUKE. ENTERTAINED BY MRS. PARAN STEVENS.

WELL-KNOWN PEOPLE IN SOCIETY HONOR THE SPANISH VISITOR.

A reception for the Duke and Duchess of Veragua was given fast night by Mrs. Paran Stevens at her new house, No. 1 East Fifty-seventh-st., but this reception did not follow a dinner party at her house The reception was given so that the ducal party might have an opportunity to meet in a more intimate way some of the people prominent in society. The Duke of Veragua's brother and his daughter were of the party, as was also the Marquis of Villalobar, nephew of the Duke. The old Mason Jones mansion, flow the home of Mrs. Stevens, is built like many houses in London, with the drawing-room and ball room on the second floor. The rooms on the street floor consist of two reception-rooms and the dining-room. A broad stairway lends to the ballroom floor. and this is covered with a carpet of nich warm red. The rooms in the house, which are all modelled after various French styles, were elaborately decorated with spring flowers and paims, which were placed in Dresden potton pedestals of onyx and chony. Mrs. stevens stood at the head

all who take were announced. After a word of greeting they all passed into the ballroom, where a Hungarlan band was playing, or to the large drawingroom, which is on the Fifth-ave, side of the house. The ballroom, which fronts East Pfty-seventh-st., is one of the largest of the private billrooms in New-York houses. This soon begin to fill with guests, among whom were several city officlais, among whom were several city offi-clais, including Mayor Gilroy, George B, Me-Clellan, president of the Clellan, president of the Beard of Aldermen; Myers, and several members of the Committee of One Hundred. in all respects, excepting the distinguished guests.

the gathering was like any evening reception in a fashionable house, and naturally a brilliant one. Handsome gow's and jewels were worn and the descendants of Columbis had an opportunity to see som New-York's most beautiful women. The invitations had been hurrfedly sent out and many were given by word of mouth when the hostess was at he reception at the Walderf on Wednesday afternoon. The ducal party arrived at 10:30 o'clock, and shortly after that hour the other guests began to arrive. There was no dancing.

Supper was served by Sherry throughout the even ing from a buffet, which was creeted in the danting room at the cast of the house. The menu was as

> CHAUD. Essence de Volaille. Huitres a la Poulette. Hemard a la Columbus. Brisotains de Volaille. Cannelons a la Russe. FROID. Galintine de Poularde en Voliere. Saumon decore.
>
> Aspic de foie gras en Bellevue. Chauxfrold de Gibier. Mayonnaise de Volailli Rij lettes. Sandwiches.

Petites Caisses de Fraises Fraiches. Gateaux. Fruits Glaces. Champagne.

Cafe. Apollinatis.

Among the other guests were Mr. an1 Mrs. E4ward Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, Mc. and Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Hewitt, the Misses Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. Karrick Eiggs, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Lauter bach, Miss Lauterbach, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Choate, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Post, Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Whittler, Miss Whit tier, Judge and Mrs. Andrews, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. A. Tremenheere, Mr. and Mrs. H. Le Grand Cannon, Dr. and Mrs. F. P. Kinnfeutt, Chauncey M. Depew, Ward McAllister, Miss McAllister, Misses Chonte, Mr. and Mrs. George B. De Forest, Mr. and Mrs. George Headly, and Mrs. Nicholas Fish, Alfonso de Navarro, General Horace Porter, Charles A.
John Bigelow, Miss Bigelow, Mr. and W. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. James P. Kernochan, Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Miss Fellows, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Davis, Colonel and Mrs. 8. V. R. Cruger, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mortimer, G. W. Myers, the Misses Cameron, Senutor and Mrs. Brice, Perr, Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. George L. Rives, Mrs. White ing, Miss Whiting, Mrs, George B. McClellan, Mr. Dana, Commander and Mrs. Dickins, Mr. and J. Forbes-Leith, Julian Potter, Mr. and Mrs. J. J.
Wysong, Mrs. Westervelt, Miss Westervelt, F. T.
Martin, Howard T. Martin, Mavroyeni Bey, the
Turkish Minister; Mr. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor.
James Otis, Miss Otis, E. Randolph Robinson, Miss
Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. James W. Gerard, Mr.
and Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Jr., Mr. and
Mrs. Frank Foster, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Dinsmore,
Mr. and Mrs. John Anstin Stevens, the Misses Stevens,
Mr. at d Mrs. John Anstin Stevens, the Misses Stevens,
Mr. at d Mrs. John Anstin Stevens, the Misses Stevens,
Mr. at d Mrs. John Anstin Stevens, the Misses Stevens,
Mr. at d Mrs. W. Storrs Wells, Mr. and
Mrs. E. C. Potter, Mrs. William Jaffray, Captain H. C.
Beaumont, H. Maitland Kersey, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd
Bryce, C. C. Baldwin, Miss Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs.
R. T. Wilson, R. T. Wilson, Jr. Miss Grace Wilson,
J. Wadsworth Ritchle, the Marquis and Marquise de
Casa Argudin, Miss Marla de Barrill and J. J. Van
Alen.
To-night Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cooper will give a
dinner for the Duke and Duchess. Forbes-Leith, Julian Fotter, Mr. and Mrs. J. J.

THE DUKE CALLS ON HIS BANKERS. The Duke of Veragua visited his bankers downtown yesterday morning to arrange his financial affairs. He intended to "ride down in the air" on the elevated road, a means of travelling to which he has taken a great liking, but decided to use a carriage, owing to the stormy

F. Bates, brother of Mrs. Dickins, wife of Commander Dickins, who is the honorary escort of the Duke, had to be given up and the members of the Duke's party spent a large part of the day watching the pouring rain from the sistencies of the weather which their ancestor discovered.

In the afternoon the Duchess, accompanied by he daughter, Donia Maria, Mrs. Dickins and Mrs. Arturo Baldasano, wife of the Spanish Consul-General, visited the Convent of the Sacred Heart at No. 533 Madison-ave. The meanwhile called upon General Horace Porter and

THE DUKE'S WASHINGTON VISIT.

Washington, April 20.-The Duke of Veragua and suite will arrive in Washington on Saturday next. The programme for their entertainment has not been announced, but will include a reception by the Presi-dent and Mrs. Cleveland at the White House. The Duke will return to New-York to witness the naval parade on Tuesday of next week.

AMERICAN SEAMEN IN CONVENTION

New-Orleans, April 20.—The second annual con-vention of the National Seamen's Union of America opened its session here yesterday, with President Charles Hagan and delegates from thirty-three branches, representing 22,000 members, in attendance Yesterday's business was the reading of reports Samuel Gampers telegraphed his congratulat a letter from Samuel Plimsoll, a member of the British Parliament, was read, in which he says: "I heartily wish you success in your efforts for bettering the con-dition of the merchant seamen of America."

Albany, April 20.-Governor Flower gave a hearing this afternoon to Dr. Hugh S. Kinmonth, the Asbury Park druggist who has figured in the Carlyle W. Harris case. Dr. Kinmonth declared to the Gov-ernor that he did sell morphine pills to Helen Potts in the spring of 1860. She represented that she wanted them for her mother. Dr. Kinmonth said he had been carrying on the drug business at Asbury Park for a number of years, and referred to any reputable citizen there as to his character and credibility.

ADJOURNMENT AT ALBANY.

THE LEGISLATIVE SESSION ENDED.

CLOSING SCENES IN THE ASSEMBLY RESEMBLE A TAMMANY CONVENTION - PRESENTA-TIONS TO OFFICIAL "-SULZER'S RECORD.

Albany, April 20 (Special) .- For the first time in many years the Assembly has adjourned without the minority in that house presenting a resolution thank-ing the Speaker for his "uniform hindness, fairness fere with the plans of people who are provided with HODGMAN Mackin-provided with HODGMAN Mackinlature. Speaker Sulzer cannot complain that he has been wrongfully treated. If he had been unfair on party questions alone and had applied the gag rule in this direction only, the records of the Assembly would carry a resolution from the minority praising aim. But he was an unfair Speaker in all respects, and on every question that was of personal or party interest to himself. Even the members of his own party rebelled and threatened at various times to desert him. He was "on the inside" of the worst jobs that ever were put through any Legislature, and he was the anxious and over-willing tool of his boss, Richard Croker. He broke every promise that he made at the opening of the session to be fair and onest, and judged by his own party followers he will go down to history as the most unscrupulous, un fair, high-handed and reckless Speaker that ever occupied that office in this State.

The Assembly adjourned to-day with the usual eremony, excepting the presentation of the resoluion referred to. The early morning hours were a discrace to the people of the state and to the members of the majority. In spite of all they could do, honest Democrats, could not stop the pessage of bills of the most wicked nature. One measure in particular against which the honest members of the legislature have been fighting for the last eight or ten years was absolutely stolen through. This was the bill to relieve the Western Union Telegraph Company from payment of a large amount of back taxes due to the State. Two of the shrewdest lobbyists came here yesterday, and by 2 o'clock this morning they were at the end of a long-distance telephone reporting to their superiors in New-York city that the bill had gone through the Assembly without a single opposing vote. Senator Plunkitt engineered the scheme, and this morning a hand-some bouquet of claim b.li that was introduced by Mr. fivenburgh, of Albany, in the Assembly, amended the title slightly, and put a new bill in place of the old one. This probably was done with the ean sent of Mr. Rivenburg, for this man moved the adop tion of the amendment of his bill when it came over from the Senate. The clerk read the amendment, but no one paid much attention to the phrascology, because it was supposed to be a local Albany bill that had been changed slightly. The Speaker knew what it was, and if he had been trying to carry out his cen stitutional onth, does any one suppose that he would have permitted such a measure to go through this way! No one knows, and no one can tell until the measures appear upon the statute books, what was done this merning in the Assembly. With all the care imaginable of a half dozen bonest and straightforward men, the Speaker and the desk rata things so as to pas

any bill that they pleased.

The scenes in the Assembly Chamber before the final adjournment have never before been witnessed. The Speaker's room was stocked with refreshments o'clock the Chamber resembled a Tammany Hall con-vention. The air was black with tobacco smoke and "gang" howled him down, and the speaker took part in drowning his efforts to be heard by vigorously using his gavel. He was literally denote not. Members sat on top of their desks, telling stories. Democratic Governor, the state tax rate increased to cracking jokes, and paying absolutely no attention to 1.28 mills. legislation, save when the pounding of the Speaker's gavel informed them that some one wanted an ex-

by his associates to present to the speaker the cus-tomary picture of himself, which is to hang in the Assembly perfor with those of former Speakers. It is thus to be co-was noticed that Mr. Malby said nothing except the the Legislature. commonest p'ensantries. But the speaker was too watch from the minority. Mr. Fish gave a gold watch to the clerk on behalf of all the members, Mr. Ainsworth followed this by calling both Mr. Quigley and Mr. Malby into the well. He presented to Mr. Quigley, on behalf of the Republicans, a handsome diamend pin. His speech was appropriate, for throughout the entire session Mr. Quigley, as the Democratic leader, has acted with the utmost fairness—a glaring contrast to the Speaker. Next he turned to Mr. Malby, and in tones that showed that every word was meant he presented to him on behalf of the entire House a watch similar to the one presented to the Speaker. Mr. Malby responded fittingly. He thanker and turning to his friends on the Republican side, who have stood by him throughout the session, he thanked them. The speaker then went into the Chair and delivered the following speech, which will be accepted for what it is worth:

Gentlemen of the Assembly: Our work is done. The change even if I could. It has been one of the shortest sessions in the history of the State. It has accomplished much good, and been truitful in great results to the people. It has been an honest session and a clean session. No seandal has tainted its reputation or the good name and fame of any of its members. No good bill failed of passage, and no bad bill failed of defeat. It has been a \$1,200,000 more than he received last year. Mr. Schoner Stein and a year institutions one. More \$1,200,000 more than he received last year. Mr. Schoner Robert Stutzer, burnance was session and a year institutions one. More \$1,200,000 more than he received last year. Mr. Schoner Robert Stutzer, John W. Fyfe, Henry Carey. very harmonious session and a very industrious one. More laws have been passed than in almost any other year in the history of the State. It has been an economical ses-sion. Not a dollar of the people's money has been wasted or been squandered; not a dollar has been spent except

long even briefly to enumerate some of the most important work of this session. Suffice it for me to say now that almost every recommendation in the Governor's annual message is 2 law to-day. Every wish of the people has been responded to and gratified, and every section of the State has feen protected and provided for by wise, just and beneficent laws. This is the record we submit to the appeal to the people of the State, and challenge honest criticism. We have been faithful to every trust. We have done our duty. In the good-bye of to-day, as we leave for our homes, we go with that consciousness and with that knowledge, and that is the best and grandest

After this the Assembly was declared adjourned

LAST HOURS OF THE SENATE. RESOLUTIONS OF CENSURE EXPUNCED-THE

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S SPEECH. Albany, April 20.-Senator Edwards, who is a clergyman, offered prayer in the Senate this morning. It was the first time within the memory of any of

the Senators that one of the members of the Senate had opened the session with prayer. Robinson's bill allowing ex-Mayor Gleason's claim for rent for school buildings to be heard by the

Board of Claims in Long Island City caused a slight breeze. The bill appeared on the desk, though it had been committed to the Cities Committee last night. It turned out that Senator Brown alone had reported the bill, and that the report was improperly made. On motion of Senator McCarren, the committee was discharged from further consideration of the bill, and it was passed.
Senator Cantor offered a resolution, which was

adopted, that the resolutions of censure and suspen-sion adopted by the Senate on January 20, 1892, relative to Senators Erwin, Saxton and O'Connor, for refusal to vote on a pending question, be rescinded, and all proceedings relative thereto expunged from

Senator Saxton offered the resolution thanking Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan for his impartiality as presiding officer. Senator McCarren offered a

A pleasant and effervencent cure
For all headsches
Is Brome-Seltzer. Trial bottle 10c.

EXHIBITION of the Oil Paintings by WM. HENRY HILLIARD. at the Art Rooms of HALL & GARRISON. 136-138 West 23d St., Day and Evening.

resolution complimenting Senator Erwin on his ica dership of the minority. Senator Smith testified to the ability and courtesy of Senator Cantor.

The Clerk, Sergeant-at-Arms and the other em

ployes of the Senate, including the porters, also recelved resolutions of thanks.

The committees appointed to wait on the Assembly and the Governor having reported that there was no further business, the Lieutenant-Governor called the Senate to order for the last time and said Senators: I am about to declare the Senate of 1893 adjourned without day, in conformity to the resolution of both branches of the Legislature. It is indeed a sail official act for me, because I realize that the friendships here formed have crystallized into love end affection that never can and never will be cradicated. I know that you will all carry back to your respective homes pleasant memories and fond recollections of our public relations memories and fond recollections of our public relationshere. The public will not be slow to appreciate the great public service you have rendered them, and your intelligence, integrity, patriotism and manhood will form a frilliant page in legislative history, and will live long after we have all passed away. To my dving hour I will remember as the fonde't and dearest recollections of my life the great courtesy, the generous treatment and the manly forbearance displayed upon every occasion by Senators upon this floor toward their oversiting officer. The nublic, at times, will criticise unevery occasion by Schauos alon and the presiding officer. The public, at times, will criticise unjustly the motives and the actions of public men, but I am glad that this Schauc has shown that it was strong and brave enough to be its own judge of its dety, not only to the whole people, but to the goutlemen who coming to the whole people, but to the goutlemen who come It is my fond hope that this official parting will not suspend for a moment the sincere friendships, begotten from our official Hie as members of the Senate of this glorifrom one official life as meaners of the scalar at this cous State. And it is my sincere prayer that an all-wise Providence may permit such of you to return to your homes, there to enjoy your well-carned peace, and all the contacts which flow from the consciousness of duty faith-

commands which the fully performed.

The Lieutenant-Governor then declared the Senate adjourned sine die.

STATE TAX RATE DOUBLED.

DEMOCRATIC RULE A COSTLY LUXURY FOR THE TAXPAYERS.

IN SPITE OF LARGE RECEIPTS FROM CORPORA-TIONS AND INHERITANCES, THE RATE WILL NOW BE 2.58 MILLS, AGAINST Pa TWO YEARS AGO.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Albany, April 20 .- The taxpayers will have to pay

planation of a bill. Then they would shout such maying, with the Democratic Governor, increased the gentlemanty things as: "Oh, shut up:" "Give us tax rate to 2.55 mills. Moreover, the tax rate was a rest!" "Don't pay any attention to him, Mr. kept at 2.58 mills only by Controller Campbell speaker!" etc. It is to the credit of the Republican promising to the people of the State that he will members that they took no part in this business, but either remained quietly in their seats or went to the did the present year out of the corporations and the smaking-room, from which they could hear and see inheritors of property. An imaginary increase of income from certain tax laws, therefore, enables the Mr. Malby, the Republican leader, and been chosen | Pemocratic Legislature to conceal a part of its extravegant appropriations. The additional income which should have been used to reduce the tax rate, is thus to be consumed in paying off the big bills of

much occupied with self-admiration to appreciate the that he believed he could get \$2,000,000 cut of the words of the Republican leader, and he replied as corporations, and \$3,000,000 from the inheritors of though he had been the object of the highest praise.

Mr. Martin, of New York are recorded to the highest praise. words of the Republican leader, and he replied as though he had been the object of the highest praise.

Mr. Martin, of New-York, presented to Sulzer a gold watch from the majority, and told him that be gold watch from the majority, and told him that be gold watch from the majority, and told him that be gold watch from the majority. entie from these sources for the year 1892, as I am confident that the additional appropriation that the Legis'ature has made this year to enable this department to more rigidly enforce the collection of taese taxes will enable this department to produce this large increase."

Speaking to The Tribune correspondent this after noon upon the same matter. Controller Campbell said: "The Legislature has appropriated more money this year, but we have been able to keep down the tax rate by our collections from the inheritance tax law and the corporation tax law."

These taxation laws were all introduced by Re publicans, and were passed by Republican Legislatures. But large as is the income they give to of the institution. In the afternoon there had been a large the State it is not sufficient to pay all the prodigal attachdance of the alumni at No. 239 East Fourieenth-st appropriation bills of the Democratic Legislature just adjourned, and consequently the State tax rate goes up. Mr. Campbell has strained all the powers of his office in the last two years to increase the State's income from these tax laws, and thus conceal the extravagant spirit of the Democrats it the Legislature. In the last fiscal year he obtained \$1,000,000 00 from the corporations, which was an increase over the preceding year of \$161,085 85. Now he says that preceding year of \$161,085 88. Now he says that he is going to get \$300,000 additional from these taxation laws. The inheritance tax receipts he forced up to \$1,786,218 47, an increase of \$805,950 93 over the preceding year. Now he says he will get \$3,000. Campbell is a courageous man in thus endeavoring to protect a Democratic Legislature from public censure, but, nevertheless, he runs the risk of slipping np on his estimates and of having to poy this year's bills the coming year, with an election for the state of the coming year, with an election for the coming year, with an election for the coming year, with an election for the coming year.

leaders to conceal the great increase in the State tax rate. It was announced as only 2.24 2.3 mills.

Samuel Edwards, who lives in Chicago, read in a Western paper last December the advertisement of a Miss.

attempted today to excuse the great increase in the tax rate by plending that it was caused by the purchuse of Fire Island and the Buffulo strike. But these came to Newark. He found that are insignificant appropriations, not amounting in all ham lived at the address given. to \$400,000, while the increased tax rate will bring that his correspondent and the recipient of his \$40 several millions of dollars additional into the state treasury. In fact, it will take several millions to pay the big bills of the Legislature which has just adjourned. Cantor announced that the State tax rate was 2.24 2.3

Cantor announced that the State tax rate was 2.24 2.3 mills.

"Does that include the one-third of a mill tax for the support of the insane poor?" inquired Senator Saxton

"It does not," replied Senator Cantor, "because we consider that a large proportion of the counties of the State will pay less than they do now for the support of their insane."

"That may be true," replied Senator Saxton, "but nevertheless some one pays the tax. New-York and Kings counties, for instance, have to pay \$700,000 additional State tax for the support of the Insane poor. But the end of the whole matter is that the State tax imposed by this Democratic Legislature is nearly twice as great as it was when there was a Republican Senate here two years ago. Then in 1801 it was 1.38 mills. Now, two years haler, with a Democratic Legislature, it is 2.38 mills. There are millions of difference. You have doubted the State tax rate as compared with two years n.o. in the face of the fact, as you have been informed by the Controller, that he expects to increase the State tax rate as compared with two years n.o. in the face of the fact, as you have been informed by the Controller, that he expects to increase the State is known from the inheritance tax and corporation taxes over \$2,000,000. The State's additional income is thus to be used in poping your bills. It is an open confession of the extravagance of this Legislature. Since the Democratic party comes into power it begins to put up the State taxe."

The State Tax Rate bill was then passed. There will

not be much crowing over it in Democratic news-

ON THE WATCH FOR SHEEHAN.

ANYTHING RESEMBLING CHARTER-TINKERING CAREFULLY SCANNED IN THE ASSEMBLY. Albany, April 20 (Special).-Every member of the ssembly was on the watch this morning for another one of Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan's attacks on the Cleveland cities of the State. It had been ramored that a rider would be attached to a bill through which power would be given to the Governor to remove Mayor Bi-hop, of Euffalo, and Mayor Manning of Albany. A bill amending the state law, introduced by Senator Parsons, was to be the cover for this latest piece of Shechan villany. This bill provided for a lighthouse somewhere on Lake Ontario. The cat was let out of the bag, and every measure of which there could be the slightest suspicion was carefully scanne by a number of men, who had made up their minds that there would be a riot before another measure such as the last Buffalo Charter Amendment bill should go through the House. Among these men were Messrs. Malby, Ainsworth and Fish, on the Republian side, and Guenther, of Buffalo, and Ellison, of New-York, on the Democratic side.

Every bill announced this morning was greeted with the question: "What does this bill do, and is it a charter amendment? Repeatedly the clerk had to assure the numbers on his honor that a bill was all right." Such a thing probably never occurred before in the Legislature. When the Parsons bill was reached there was a deathlike silence until Mr. Malby moved to lay it aside, and then a roar of "Ayes" went up that rattled the Assembly ceiling. But the members who were on the watch for Sheehan's expected move became more watchful, and nothing that bore the least suspicion of being either an amendment to a city charter or to the State law was gone over and every amendment in it rend. This prevented, so far as known, the passage of the bill agreed upon yesterday by the conference attended by Senator IIII, Senator Murphy, Mr. Sheehan and Speaker Selzer. It may have been put through in some way, but there never was a rolleall upon it.

The Supplementary Supply bill was presented by Mr. Quirley. It had in it a provision appropriating \$7,000 to continue in office J. Newton Fiero as a commissioner to revise the Code of Civil Procedure. over and every amendment in it rend.

\$7,000 to continue in other J. Newton Fiero as a commissioner to revise the Code of Civil Procedure. The Legislature has become thred of these commissions, and on the motion of Mr. Malby the provision was stricken out. The bill came back from the Senate a moment later with a notice that the same provision had been stricken out there. It seems that the clerk or some one did not strike out the provision after the house had ordered it to be done, on the way from the Senate to the House the same provision was probably put in again, for it was found in another place.

LOVERS OF MUSIC HAVE A GOOD TIME.

FIRST ANNUAL DINNER OF THE MANUSCRIPT

The Manuscript Society of New York held its first annual dinner last night at the Gilsey House, Twenty-clathest, and knowdway. About seventy-five members and guests sat down to the table. The Manuscript Society was organized in August, 1889, by Gerrit Smith, Louis R. Drissler and Addison F. Andrews for the purpose of advancing the interest of American omposers in the production of original music. The society helds three public concerts in Chickering Hall yearly, and six private meetings, at which only new music is produced. The membership is about one hundred and fifty.



Many women were present last night whose name among the speakers were Gerrit Smith, president of the society; Dr. S. N. Penfield, Parke Godwin, who spoke of the "trigin and Development of Music"; Richard Watson Gilder, who gave an address on the relation of the poet to the composer; Miss Laura sedgewick Collins, who talked wittily of the woman in musical compositions, and John W. Keller, who spoke humorously of the newspaper in relation to composers. Silas G. Pratt talked about the interests of American composers; Addison F. Andrews of the beginning of the Manuscript Society, and John H. Bre-In also talked. The speaking was followed with

Arcason, Victor Harris, Alexander Lambert, Frank N.
Shepperd, Miss Shepperd, H. W. Lindstey, secretary
of the society John Bratt Brewer, Frederick Schilling,
Stanor Italo Campanini, Emilio Fizzi, Emilio Agramonte,
Carl Februiger, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Craigin, Sumner
Salter, Mr. and Mrs. Bruno, Oscar Klein, Mr. and Mrs.
William E. Mulligan, John L. Burlett, Frank L. Sealy,
Herbert W. Greche and Dr. Henry G. Hanchett.

DOCTORS RECEIVE DIPLOMAS.

LIST OF THE GRADUATES OF THE ECLECTIC MEDICAL "SLLEGE.

The commencement of the graduating class of the Eclectic Medical College took place last night at Chickering Hall. The large hall was filled with friends of the graduates and

HIS " LOVER" PROVED TO BE A DESIGNING MAN. tax rate. It was announced as only 2.24-23 mills, whereas it actually is 2.5s mills. This mancial feat was accomplished by not considering a tax of one-third of a mill for the support of the instance poor, which it is estimated will bring \$1,200,000 into the which it is estimated will bring \$1,200,000 into the State Treasury. This is a pretty big sum to forget or not to consider in making up the State tax rate, but Governor Flower, Controller Campbell and Senator Cantor had the audacity, nevertheless, not to add together the one-third of a mill tax and the other tax of 2.24 2.3 mills for general purposes. The total is 2.58 mills, which is the actual state tax rate.

Senator Cantor, the Demogratic leader in the Senator. designing man. Edwards says he has \$12,000 in cash, owns a house and several acres of ground.

THE SMALLEST IS THE BEST.

known liver pills, but only one so effective that it can be guaran-teed to give satisfac-tion, or the money be refunded. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are smaller, but better than the huge, old-fashioned pill, the medicinal agents are refined and concentrated.

suffers, at some time or stipation, Indigestion, icus and Sick relieved and if you take These Pelact in a nating the system. These Pelact in a nating the system. They're easy to carry, because they are put up in little glass vials. They're the cheapest, because guaranteed to give satisfaction. Remember, that Dr. Pierce's Pellets are pleasant to take, pleasant in action, perfect in effect. Keep this in mind and you solve the problem of good health and good living.

All desire for liquor permanently removed.

The Empire Institute, 146 West 43d St., New York, offers an improved scientific treatment for the cure for liquor, morphine, cocaine and tobacco diseases.

Each case treated individually by physicians of high standing, with regard to the physical peculiarities of the patient.

Not a single failure or unfavorable physical result has occurred. No detention from business is necessary, Call and witness treatment. Highest

DIRECTORS: JAMES R. PITCHER, A. D. CHAND. LER. PAUL WILSON, W. D. GOSS, H. COURT. LANDT DAVIS.

TOILET

BEST SOAP EXISTING: GIVING A DELICATE AND SOFT SKIN AND PERSONAL BEAUTY SOLD IN CAKES, 25 CENTS EACH, BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND CHEMISIS. BARTLITT & LIELL N. Y. UP. TOWN DEPOT, 5TH.AVE. TOR, 46.H.ST. Kolz agents in the United States, Schulze-Berge Sole agents in the Cated States, Schulze-& Koechl, New York. THE GENUINE bears the mark "LANOLINE."

COLONEL WILLIAM M'MICHAEL DEAD.

Colonel William McMichael, the well-known Republican lawyer, was found dead in his bed at 8 o'clock yesterday morning at his home, No. 33 East Sixty-fifth-st. His death is believed to have been caused by a sudden rush of blood to the brain. He was in apparently good health when he went to bed at 11 o'clock on Wednesday night. Colonel McMichael was born in Philadelphia, March

 1841. His father was Morton McMichael, once a well-known figure in politics in Philadelphia, who served that city as Sheriff and Mayor. He was also the editor and proprietor of "The Philadelphia North American," one of the oldest daily papers in the United States. The McMichael family is well known in Philadelphia. Colonel Clayton McMichael, the ex-Marshal of the District of Columbia, and the present owner of "The Philadelphia North American," and Morton McMichael, the cashler of the First National Bank of Philadelphia, are brothers of the dead man. Colonel McMichael received his early education in Philadelphia and then entered the University of Pennsylvania. When the Civil War broke out he left his udies and enlisted in the Army. He served on the staffs of Generals Thomas and Lew Wallace. During a campaign in Kentucky he was captured by Confederate soldiers and lodged for four months in Libby Prison. When the prisoners were exchanged he returned to his native city and become the colonel of the 1st Pennsylvania Regiment. At the close of the war he took up the study of law in the office of William S. Price, of Philadelphia. After he had been admitted to the bar he practised his profession n that city for several years. During the Prest dential campaign of 1868 he was the president of the Republican Invincibles of his city, and did good service

for the party, as he was an eloquent speaker.

When General Grant was President he appointed
Colonel McMichael Solicitor of the Treasury at Washington and subsequently Assistant Attorney General
of the United States. During his second term General Grant made him Minister to San Domingo. On his feturn from his mission he was made District-Attorney

for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. At the end of his term as District-Attorney his father died. Then Colonel McMichael went to Europe, where he remained for two years. On his return he came to New-York City, where he opened a law office. He has had a law office in this city ever since then, and at the time of his death had John R. Dos Passos as his partner. His office was in the Mills Building. When General Garfield was President he was made an indian Commissioner. He retained the office up to his death.

He was a man of genteel manner and scholarly atwas treasurer of the Republican organization in the XXIst Assembly District. Colonel McMichael was an impressive speaker. His height and robust appearance made him even more imposing. In 1891 Colonel McMichael ran against Joseph Little for member of Congress in the XIIth Congress District, and, as the district was overwhelmingly Democratic, he was defeated. Colonel McMichael was a member of the University

Colonel McMichael was a member of the University Chab, the Metropolitan Club, of Washington; the Republican Club, the Washington Post, G. A. R., of Philadelphia, and the Society of the Army of the Cumberland.

In January, 1887, he was married to Miss Sullivan, the daughter of John Sullivan, the woolien manufacturer, of Philadelphia. His wife and two sons survive him. The body will be taken to Philadelphia to morrow. The funeral services will be held there at St. Mark's Episcopal Church. The burial will be in Laurel Hill Cemetery on Monday.

A HAT DESIGNED BY THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Segsations have been crowding fast on the public of this town recently. A fresh one is in store for today, when Knox, the hatter, will introduce to the Wales's own thea. The Prince designed it himself to fit his Royal head, and liked it so well that he immediately posed before the camera for a fresh photograph. A copy of this picture of H. R. H. in his stylish new headgear is seen in another column. The hat is manufactured by Tress & Co., of London. It has long been the custom to accept the Prince of Wales's ideas in dress as the best attainable, and in this hat the wisdom and good sense of the Frire in such matters is amply demonstrated. The new Derby has a heavy roll and heavy, open-curl brim, it is made in four different widths of brim and four different heights of crown.

WAITERS TO DEMAND HIGHER WAGES.

The International Hotel and Restaurant Watters' Association issued a call yesterday for a mass-meeting to be held in Wiggins's dancing academy, in West Twenty-third-st, on Sunday evening. There are two rival organizations of waiters. One is called an "alliance," the other an "association." The members of the "association" decided yesterday to make a formal demand for liftcher wages and better treatment on April 20. The "association" held a meeting in the Chimney Corner, at Twenty-lively and the second of the corner of the control of the corner of the control of the corner of th synth-st. and Sixth-ave., last evening. Another meeting will be held in the New-York Maennercher Hall, in East Fifty-sixth-st. There were rumors of trouble at several of the large uptown hotels last evening. Trouble was ex-Grand Union, the Murray Hill and several other hotels, but there were no strikes.

A QUESTION OF WORKING OVER TIME.

Trenton, N. J., April 20.-The Benjamin Atha and Illingsworth Steel Company, of sued by State Labor Inspector Fell for violation of the fifty-five-hour law, have appealed to the Supreme Court to test the constitutionality of the act. The to contract for working overtime. The company holds that the act is in violation of the State and Federal constitutions, and if it shall be so declared its repeal will follow. All manufacturers in the State are load in their complaint against the act.

AN EX-SENATOR INSANE FROM A FALL.

Pittsburg, April 20.-Ex-Senator Jesse Baldwin, formerly a member of the Ohio Legislature, was yesterday afternoon adjudged insane and a guardian will be appointed to take charge of his person and prop-His trouble dates from injuries received fall from a carriage. Some time ago he hoarded up a large amount of gold bonds and, taking them to Washington, personally presented them to the Treasury Department and obtained the gold in return. To save express charges he carried the gold home in two satchels. The facts led to the robbery of his house and the theft of considerable money, though he refused to divalge the amount of his loss.

APPOINTMENTS BY GOVERNOR RUSSELL

Boston, April 20.-Governor Russell this afternoon reappointed George S. Merrill, of Lawrence, Insurance

Of medicinal agents is gredually relevating the old-time harbs, pills, draughts and vegetable extracts to the rear and bringing into general use the pleasant and offs tive liquid lexuive, Syrup of Figs. To get the true teneday see that it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only. For sale by all leading druggists.